



CONTINUOUS DIVISION

GCF AND LCM
(numbers up to 30)

EASY – A1006

TS: _____

TF: _____

Name: _____ Date: _____

**Direction: Find the GCF and LCM for each number pair.
(Use Continuous Division)**

1) 4
6
GCF =
LCM =

6) 6
18
GCF =
LCM =

2) 3
12
GCF =
LCM =

7) 5
20
GCF =
LCM =

3) 6
15
GCF =
LCM =

8) 8
10
GCF =
LCM =

4) 9
27
GCF =
LCM =

9) 6
14
GCF =
LCM =

5) 2
14
GCF =
LCM =

10) 5
12
GCF =
LCM =