



CONTINUOUS DIVISION

GCF AND LCM
(numbers up to 30)

EASY – A1003

TS: _____

TF: _____

Name: _____ Date: _____

**Direction: Find the GCF and LCM for each number pair.
(Use Continuous Division)**

1) 6
18
GCF =
LCM =

2) 12
24
GCF =
LCM =

3) 5
10
GCF =
LCM =

4) 12
18
GCF =
LCM =

5) 5
15
GCF =
LCM =

6) 7
9
GCF =
LCM =

7) 10
20
GCF =
LCM =

8) 9
18
GCF =
LCM =

9) 2
8
GCF =
LCM =

10) 5
25
GCF =
LCM =